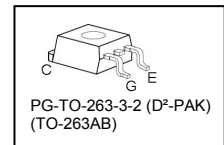
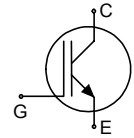


High Speed IGBT in NPT-technology

- 30% lower E_{off} compared to previous generation
- Short circuit withstand time – 10 μ s
- Designed for operation above 30 kHz
- NPT-Technology for 600V applications offers:
 - parallel switching capability
 - moderate E_{off} increase with temperature
 - very tight parameter distribution
- High ruggedness, temperature stable behaviour
- Pb-free lead plating; RoHS compliant
- Qualified according to JEDEC¹ for target applications
- Complete product spectrum and PSpice Models : <http://www.infineon.com/igbt/>



Type	V_{CE}	I_C	E_{off}	T_j	Marking	Package
SGB15N60HS	600V	15A	200 μ J	150°C	G15N60HS	PG-TO-263-3-2

Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector-emitter voltage	V_{CE}	600	V
DC collector current	I_C	27	A
$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$		15	
$T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$		15	
Pulsed collector current, t_p limited by T_{jmax}	I_{Cpuls}	60	
Turn off safe operating area	-	60	
$V_{CE} \leq 600\text{V}, T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$			
Gate-emitter voltage static	V_{GE}	± 20	V
transient ($t_p < 1\mu\text{s}, D < 0.05$)		± 30	
Short circuit withstand time ²⁾	t_{SC}	10	μs
$V_{GE} = 15\text{V}, V_{CC} \leq 400\text{V}, T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$			
Power dissipation	P_{tot}	138	W
$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$			
Operating junction and storage temperature	T_j, T_{stg}	-55...+150	$^\circ\text{C}$
Time limited operating junction temperature for $t < 150\text{h}$	$T_{j(t)}$	175	
Soldering temperature (reflow soldering, MSL1)	-	245	

¹ J-STD-020 and JESD-022

²⁾ Allowed number of short circuits: <1000; time between short circuits: >1s.

Thermal Resistance

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Max. Value	Unit
Characteristic				
IGBT thermal resistance, junction – case	R_{thJC}		0.9	K/W
Thermal resistance, junction – ambient	R_{thJA}		62	
SMD version, device on PCB ¹⁾	R_{thJA}		40	

Electrical Characteristic, at $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	Typ.	max.	
Static Characteristic						
Collector-emitter breakdown voltage	$V_{(BR)CES}$	$V_{GE}=0V, I_C=500\mu A$	600	-	-	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$	$V_{GE} = 15V, I_C=15A$ $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$		2.8 3.5	3.15 4.00	
Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$I_C=400\mu A, V_{CE}=V_{GE}$	3	4	5	
Zero gate voltage collector current	I_{CES}	$V_{CE}=600V, V_{GE}=0V$ $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$	- -	- -	40 2000	μA
Gate-emitter leakage current	I_{GES}	$V_{CE}=0V, V_{GE}=20V$	-	-	100	
Transconductance	g_{fs}	$V_{CE}=20V, I_C=15A$	-	10		S

Dynamic Characteristic

Input capacitance	C_{iss}	$V_{CE}=25V,$ $V_{GE}=0V,$ $f=1\text{MHz}$	-	810		pF
Output capacitance	C_{oss}		-	83		
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{riss}		-	51		
Gate charge	Q_{Gate}	$V_{CC}=480V, I_C=15A$ $V_{GE}=15V$	-	80		nC
Internal emitter inductance measured 5mm (0.197 in.) from case	L_E		-	7		nH
Short circuit collector current ²⁾	$I_{C(SC)}$	$V_{GE}=15V, t_{SC}\leq 10\mu s$ $V_{CC}\leq 400V,$ $T_j\leq 150^\circ\text{C}$	-	135		A

¹⁾ Device on 50mm*50mm*1.5mm epoxy PCB FR4 with 6cm² (one layer, 70 μ m thick) copper area for collector connection. PCB is vertical without blown air.

²⁾ Allowed number of short circuits: <1000; time between short circuits: >1s.

Switching Characteristic, Inductive Load, at $T_j=25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
IGBT Characteristic						
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$T_j=25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC}=400\text{V}$, $I_C=15\text{A}$, $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$, $R_G=23\text{ }\Omega$ $L_{\sigma}^{1)}=60\text{nH}$, $C_{\sigma}^{1)}=40\text{pF}$ Energy losses include "tail" and diode reverse recovery.	-	13		ns
Rise time	t_r		-	14		
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$		-	209		
Fall time	t_f		-	15		mJ
Turn-on energy	E_{on}		-	0.32		
Turn-off energy	E_{off}		-	0.21		
Total switching energy	E_{ts}		-	0.53		

Switching Characteristic, Inductive Load, at $T_j=150\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
IGBT Characteristic						
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$T_j=150\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{CC}=400\text{V}$, $I_C=15\text{A}$, $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$, $R_G=3.6\text{ }\Omega$ $L_{\sigma}^{1)}=60\text{nH}$, $C_{\sigma}^{1)}=40\text{pF}$ Energy losses include "tail" and diode reverse recovery.	-	11		ns
Rise time	t_r		-	6		
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$		-	72		
Fall time	t_f		-	26		mJ
Turn-on energy	E_{on}		-	0.38		
Turn-off energy	E_{off}		-	0.20		
Total switching energy	E_{ts}		-	0.58		
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$T_j=150\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{CC}=400\text{V}$, $I_C=15\text{A}$, $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$, $R_G=23\text{ }\Omega$ $L_{\sigma}^{1)}=60\text{nH}$, $C_{\sigma}^{1)}=40\text{pF}$ Energy losses include "tail" and diode reverse recovery.	-	12		ns
Rise time	t_r		-	15		
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$		-	235		
Fall time	t_f		-	17		mJ
Turn-on energy	E_{on}		-	0.48		
Turn-off energy	E_{off}		-	0.30		
Total switching energy	E_{ts}		-	0.78		

¹⁾ Leakage inductance L_{σ} and Stray capacity C_{σ} due to test circuit in Figure E.

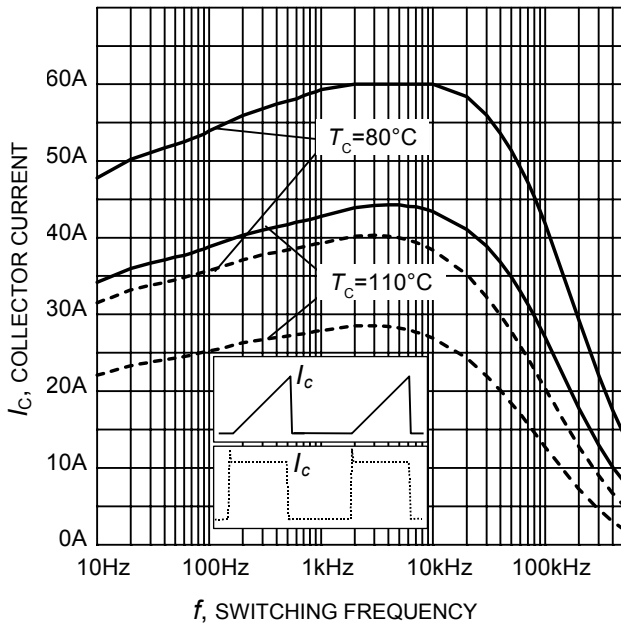


Figure 1. Collector current as a function of switching frequency
 ($T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$, $D = 0.5$, $V_{CE} = 400\text{V}$,
 $V_{GE} = 0/+15\text{V}$, $R_G = 23\Omega$)

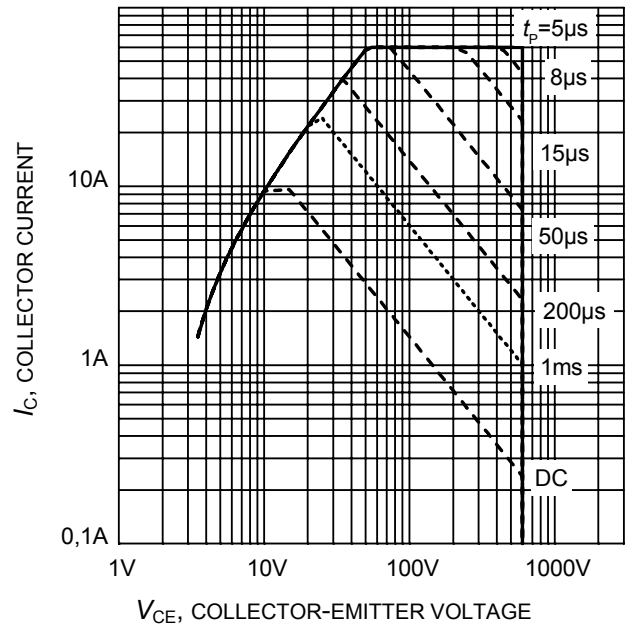


Figure 2. Safe operating area
 ($D = 0$, $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$,
 $T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$; $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$)

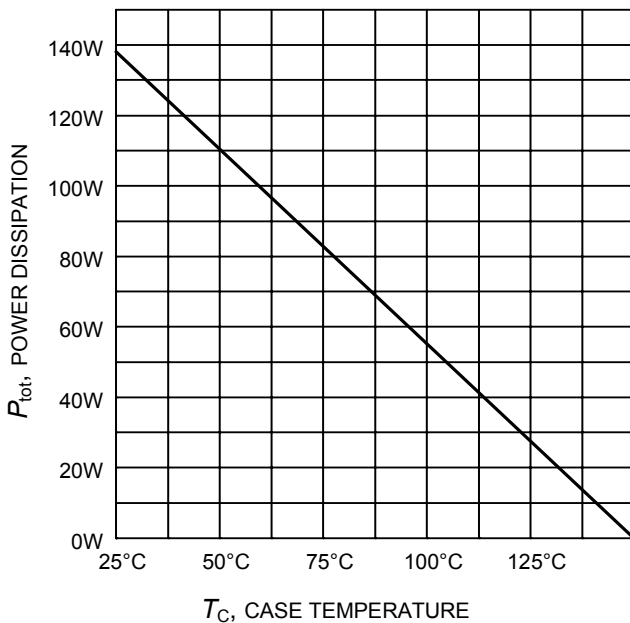


Figure 3. Power dissipation as a function of case temperature
 ($T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$)

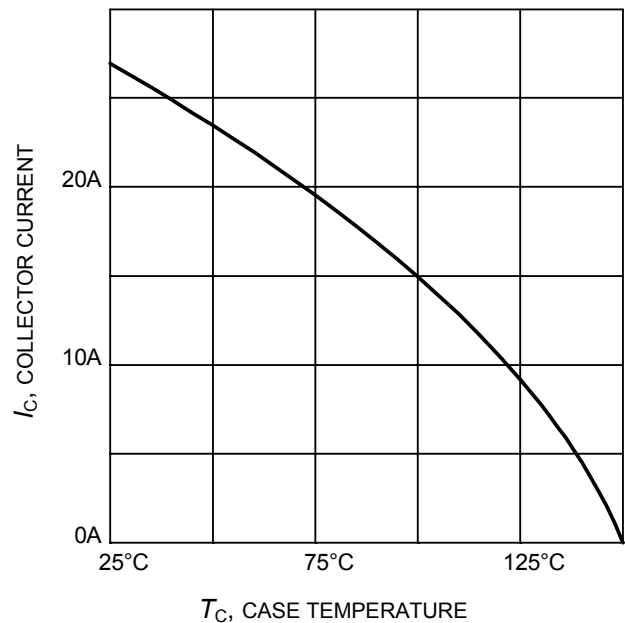


Figure 4. Collector current as a function of case temperature
 ($V_{GE} \leq 15\text{V}$, $T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$)

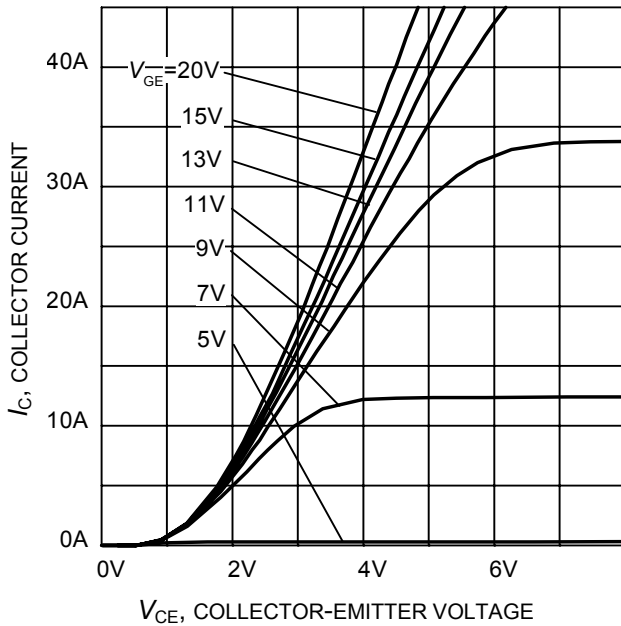


Figure 5. Typical output characteristic
($T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$)

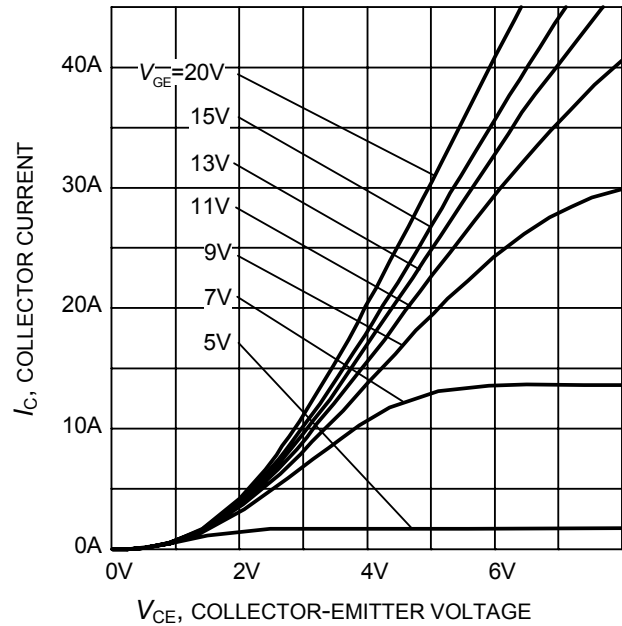


Figure 6. Typical output characteristic
($T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$)

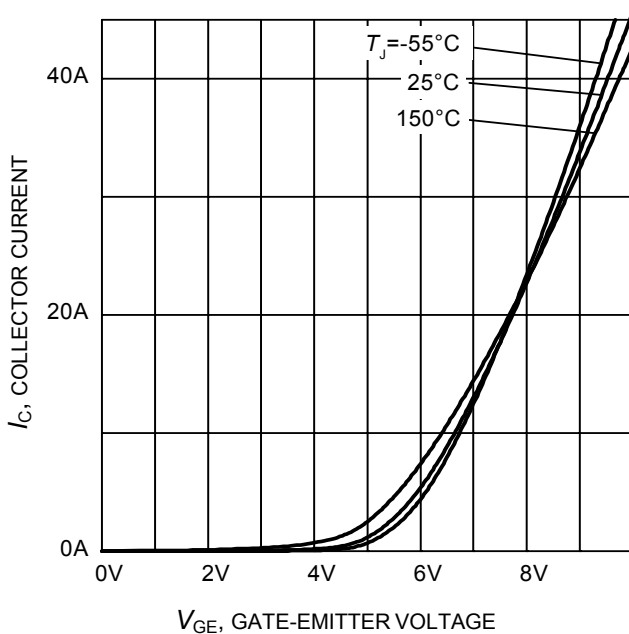


Figure 7. Typical transfer characteristic
($V_{CE}=10\text{V}$)

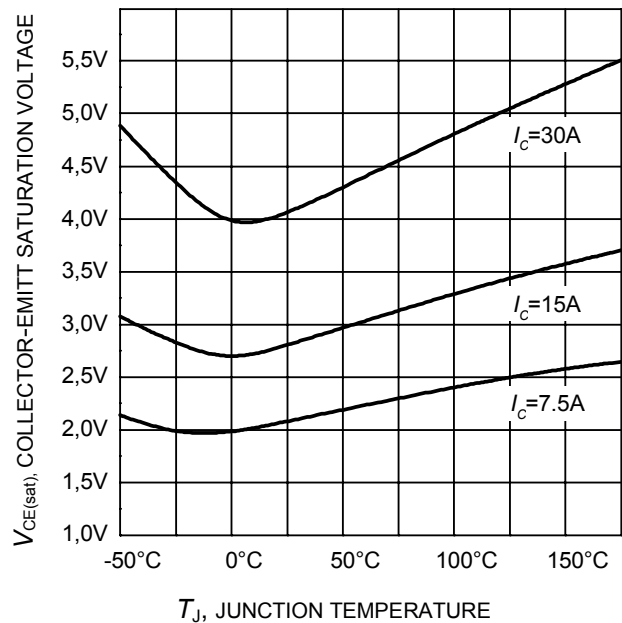


Figure 8. Typical collector-emitter saturation voltage as a function of junction temperature
($V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$)

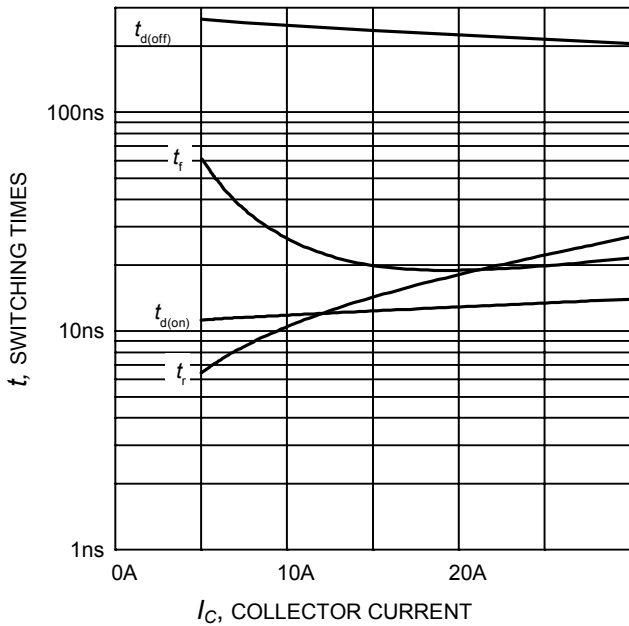


Figure 9. Typical switching times as a function of collector current
(inductive load, $T_J=150^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$, $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$, $R_G=23\Omega$, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

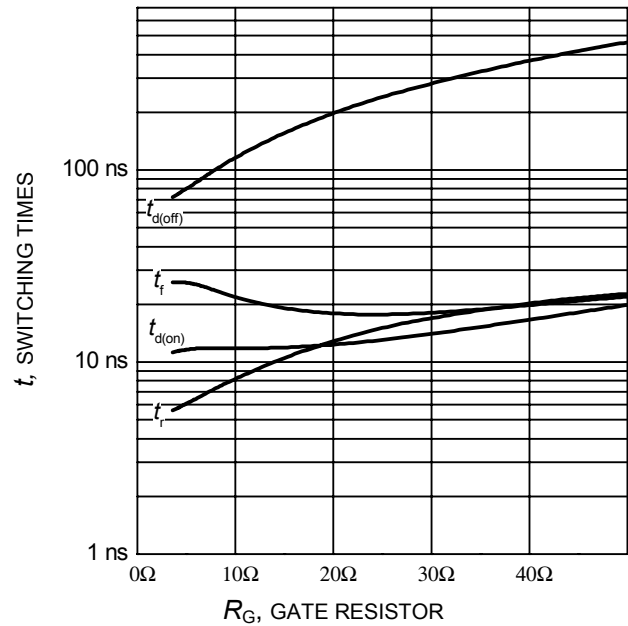


Figure 10. Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor
(inductive load, $T_J=150^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$, $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$, $I_C=15\text{A}$, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

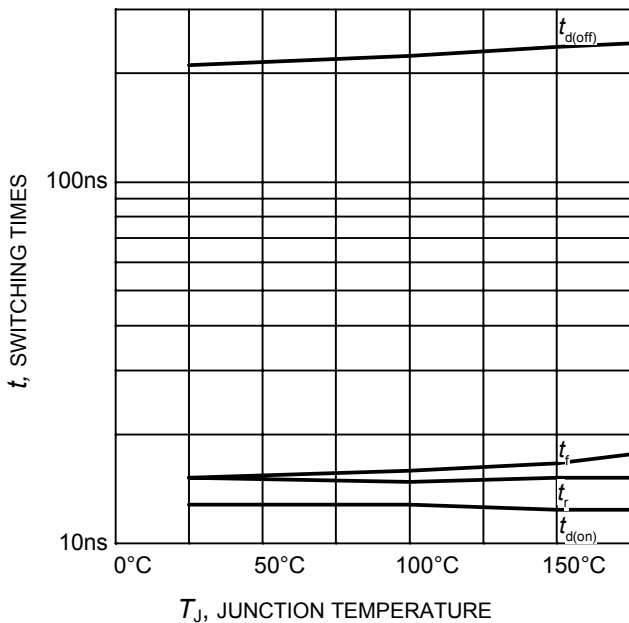


Figure 11. Typical switching times as a function of junction temperature
(inductive load, $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$, $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$, $I_C=15\text{A}$, $R_G=23\Omega$, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

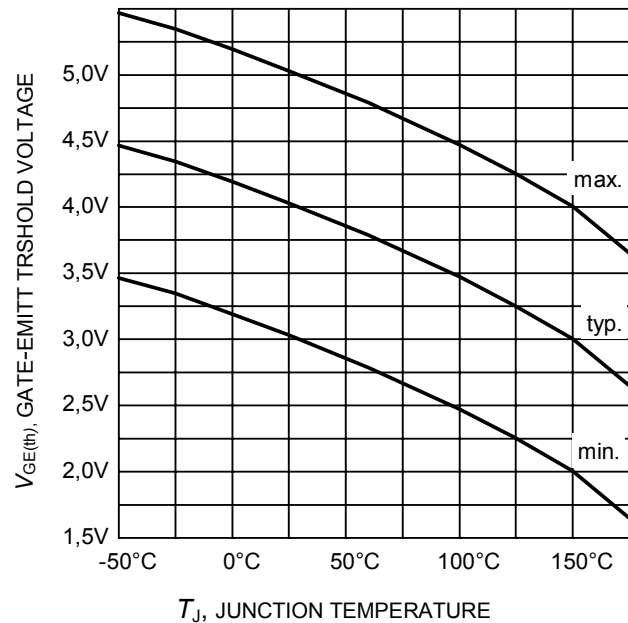


Figure 12. Gate-emitter threshold voltage as a function of junction temperature
($I_C = 0.5\text{mA}$)

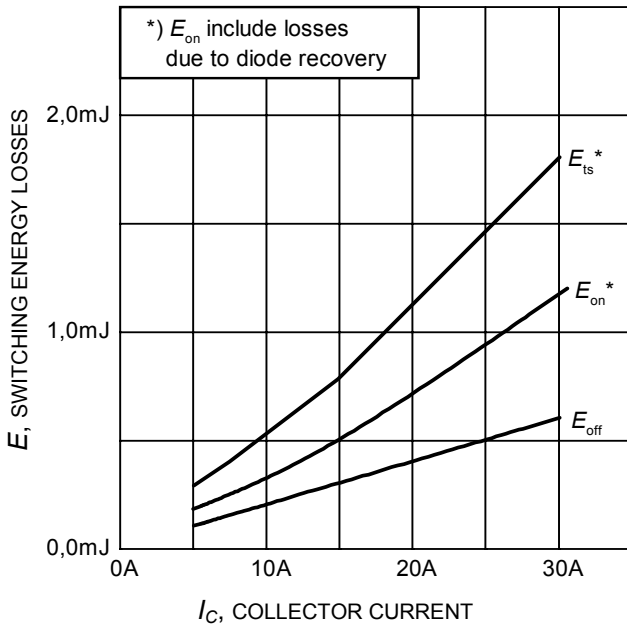


Figure 13. Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current
 (inductive load, $T_J=150^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$, $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$, $R_G=23\Omega$, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

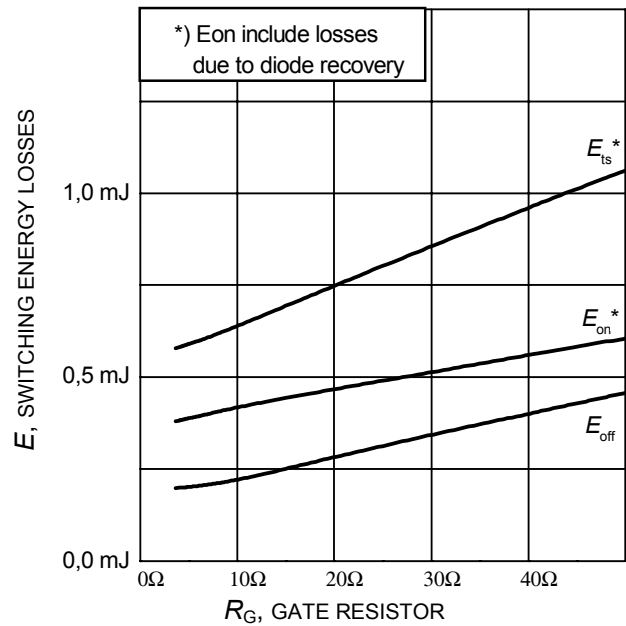


Figure 14. Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor
 (inductive load, $T_J=150^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$, $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$, $I_C=15\text{A}$, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

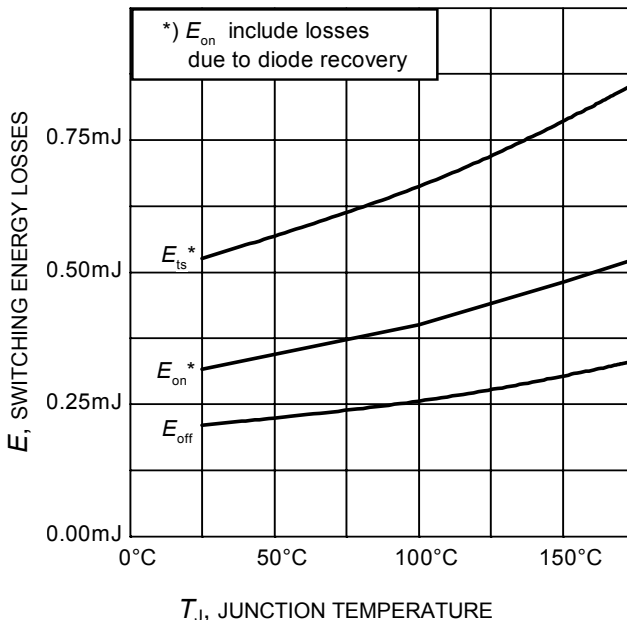


Figure 15. Typical switching energy losses as a function of junction temperature
 (inductive load, $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$, $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$, $I_C=20\text{A}$, $R_G=23\Omega$, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

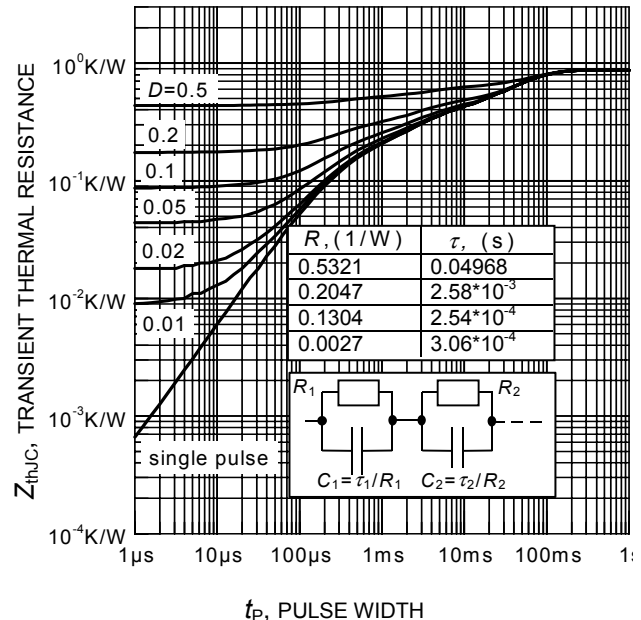


Figure 16. IGBT transient thermal resistance
 ($D = t_p / T$)

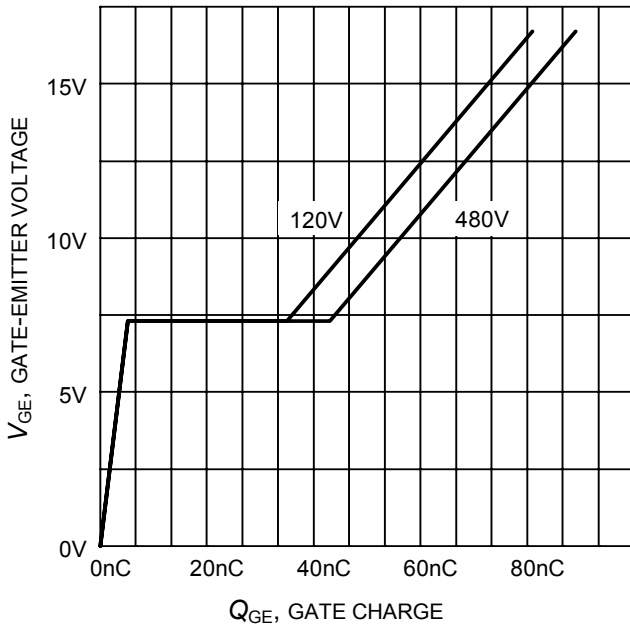


Figure 17. Typical gate charge
($I_C=15\text{ A}$)

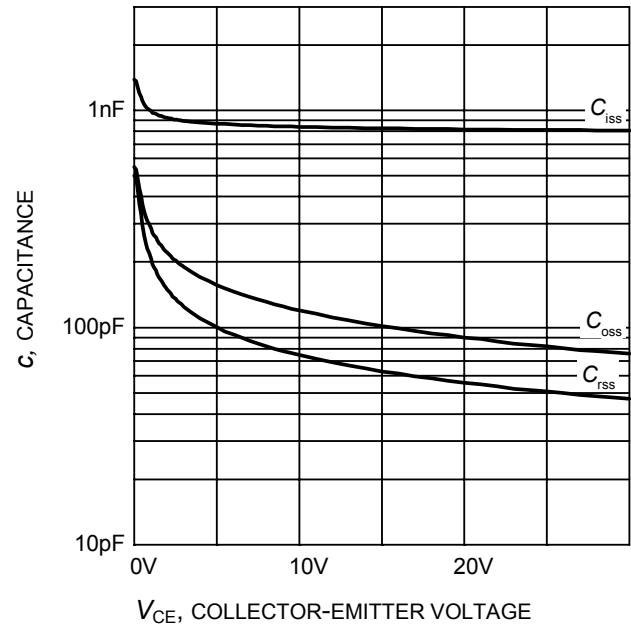


Figure 18. Typical capacitance as a function of collector-emitter voltage
($V_{GE}=0\text{V}$, $f = 1\text{ MHz}$)

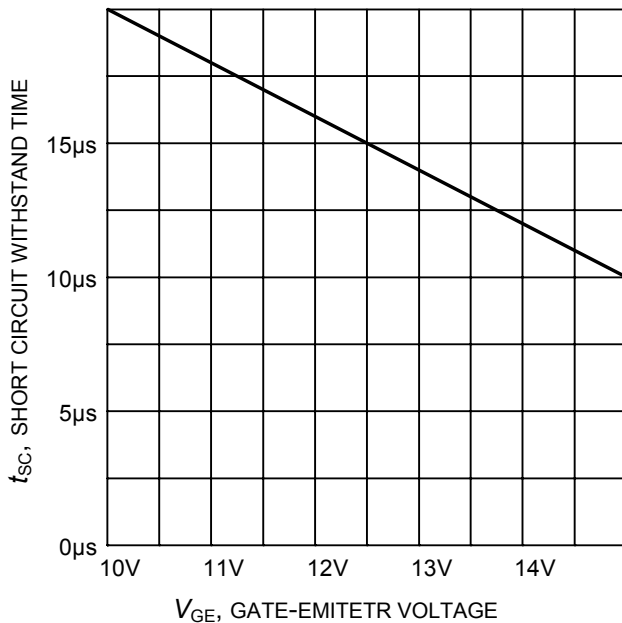


Figure 19. Short circuit withstand time as a function of gate-emitter voltage
($V_{CE}=600\text{V}$, start at $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$)

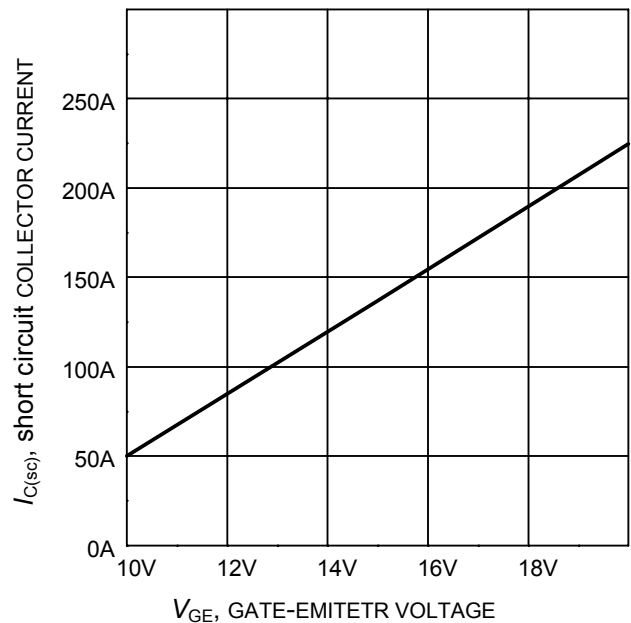
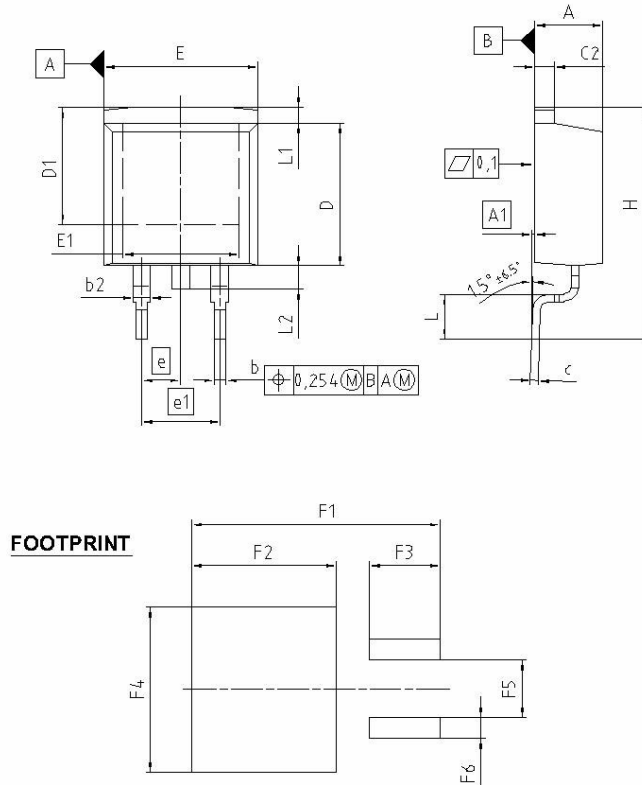


Figure 20. Typical short circuit collector current as a function of gate-emitter voltage
($V_{CE} \leq 400\text{V}$, $T_J \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$)

PG-TO263-3-2



FOOTPRINT

DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	4.300	4.572	0.169	0.180
A1	0.000	0.254	0.000	0.010
b	0.850	0.850	0.026	0.033
b2	0.950	1.321	0.037	0.052
c	0.330	0.850	0.013	0.026
c2	0.170	1.400	0.046	0.055
D	8.509	9.450	0.335	0.372
D1	7.100	-	0.280	-
E	9.800	10.312	0.386	0.406
E1	6.500	-	0.256	-
e	2.540		0.100	
e1	5.090		0.200	
N	2		2	
H	14.605	15.875	0.575	0.625
L	2.200	3.000	0.087	0.118
L1	-	1.600	-	0.063
L2	1.000	1.778	0.039	0.070
F1	16.050	16.250	0.632	0.640
F2	9.300	9.500	0.366	0.374
F3	4.500	4.700	0.177	0.185
F4	10.700	10.900	0.421	0.429
F5	3.630	3.830	0.143	0.151
F6	1.100	1.300	0.043	0.051

REFERENCE
JEDEC TO263

SCALE

EUROPEAN PROJECTION

ISSUE DATE
12-02-2006

FILE
TO263_2

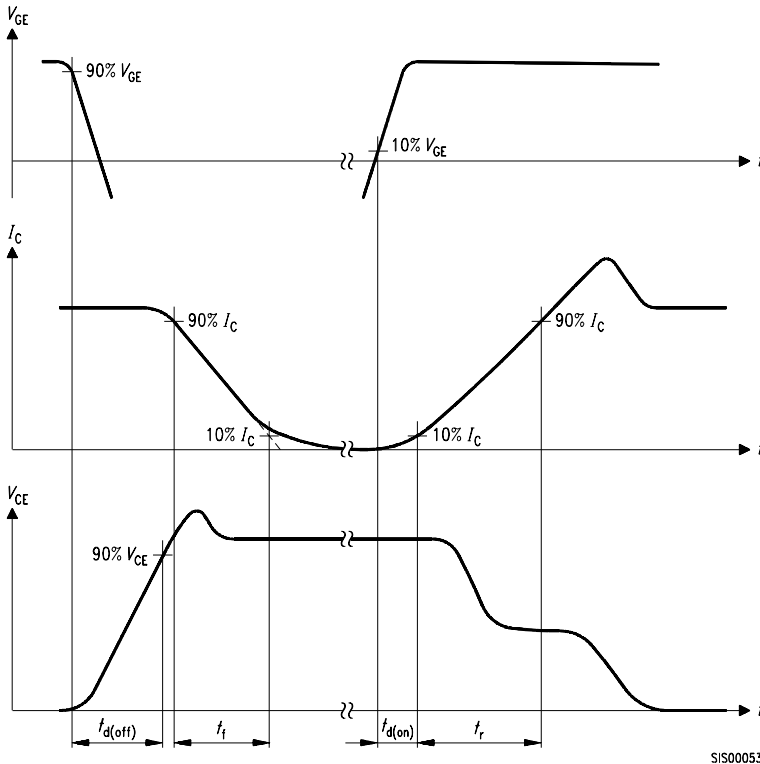


Figure A. Definition of switching times

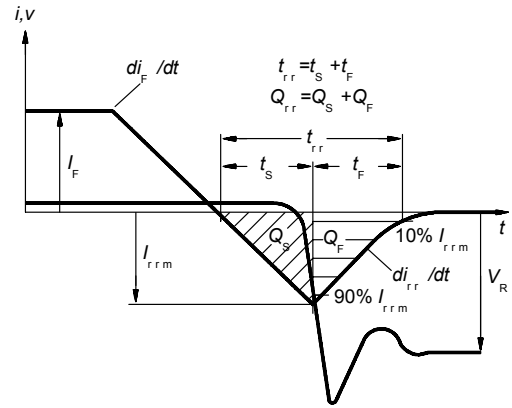


Figure C. Definition of diodes switching characteristics

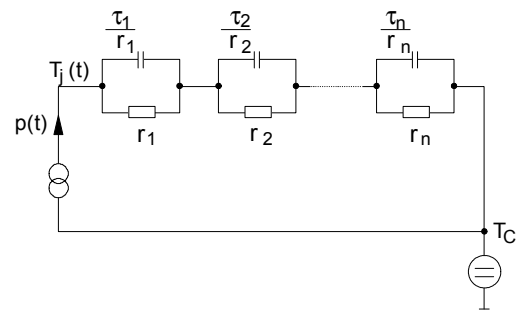


Figure D. Thermal equivalent circuit

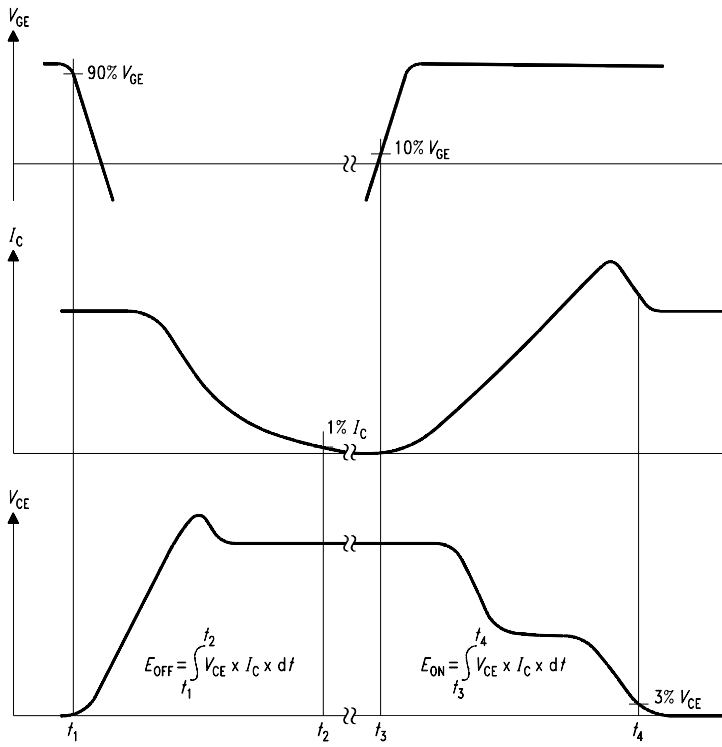


Figure B. Definition of switching losses

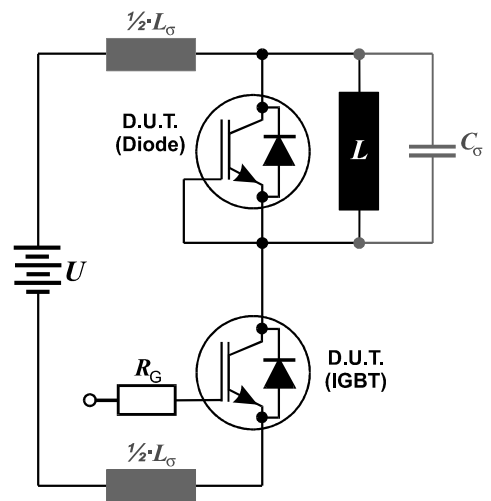


Figure E. Dynamic test circuit
Leakage inductance $L_{\sigma} = 60\text{nH}$
and Stray capacity $C_{\sigma} = 40\text{pF}$.

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